

# Model Name: P320HVN06.0

# Issue Date : 2019/06/05

# ( )Preliminary Specifications(\*)Final Specifications

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	ACII S E NRII P .1.2.3.4.5.6.7.	Input Connection         Input Data Format         Signal Timing Specification         Input Timing         Input interface characteristics         Power Sequence for LCD         Backlight Specification         Electrical specification         Input Pin Assignment and LED bar structure         Power Sequence for Backlight         Mechanical Characteristics         Reliability Test Items         International Standard         Safety         Packing         1 Definition of Label         2 Packing Methods         3 Pallet and Shipment Information         Precautions         1 Mounting Precautions         2 Operating Precautions         3 Operating Condition for Public Information Display.         4 Electrostatic Discharge Control         5 Precautions for Strong Light Exposure         6 Storage         7. Handling Precautions for Protection Film



Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2019/03/28		1 <sup>st</sup> release.
		All	Format is revised.
		7	Color Coordinates spec is revised.
1.0	2019/04/25	10	Input power spec is revised.
		20	Backlight specification is revised.
		27	Reliability spec is revised.
		12	New notes are added(#3, #4) for the definition of LVDS_SEL.
		17-18	Input interface characteristics are revised.
19			Two definitions (t8 & t9) are added for user control signal.
2.0	2019/06/05	20	<ol> <li>New note is added(#5): pulse width &amp; duty cycle.</li> <li>Some items are removing because no driver board: △VF/ F_PWM/ D_PWM.</li> </ol>
		22	The definition of T3 is fixed from 2200 to 200.
		24/25	Two pieces of shading tapes above LGP pin punch are added.



# **1.** General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module P320HVN06.0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920 x 1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1920 x 1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

P320HVN06.0 has been designed to apply the 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

#### \* General Information

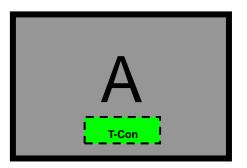
Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.5	inch	
Display Area	698.4 (H) x 392.85(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	719.2(H) x 413.7(V) x 26.3(D)	mm	D: front bezel to wall mount
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	703.4(H) x 397.9(V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bits	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.3637 (H) x 0.3637 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze = 2%
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1
Display Orientation	Portrait/Landscape Enabled		Note 2



Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate. This function does not work in this model.

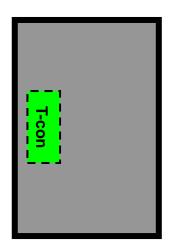
Note 2:

- (1) Landscape Mode: The default placement is T-Con Side on the lower side and the image is shown upright via viewing from the front.
- (2) Portrait Mode: The default placement is that T-Con side has to be placed on the left side via viewing from the front.



# Landscape (Front view)

# Portrait (Front view)





# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

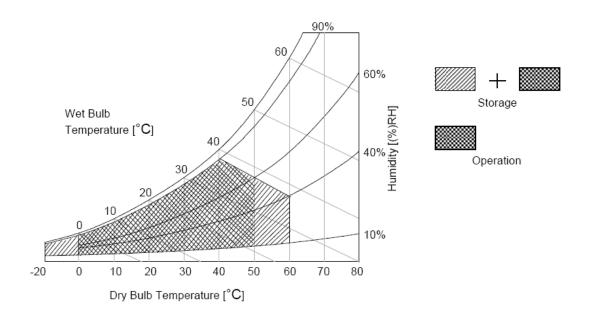
Item	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	ТОР	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50  $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$  Dry condition

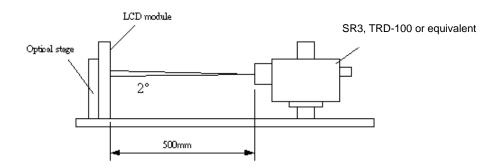




# 3. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500 mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

#### Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Descurrentes	Querra ha a l		Values		L lucit	Nataa
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contras	t Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface	Luminance (White)	L <sub>wн</sub>	320	400		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminar	nce Variation	δwhite(9P)			1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)		Тү		8	10	ms	4
Color G	amut	NTSC		72		%	
Color C	oordinates						
	Red	Rx		0.654			
		R <sub>Y</sub>		0.335			
	Green	Gx		0.306			
		Gy		0.634			
	Blue	Bx	Тур0.03	0.153	Тур.+0.03		
		By		0.053			
	White	Wx		0.280			
		Wy		0.290			
Viewing	Angle						5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θr		89		degree	
	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θu		89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ <sub>d</sub>		89		degree	



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

#### Contrast Ratio= Surface Luminance of Lon5 Surface Luminance of Loff5

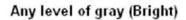
- Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. LED current I<sub>F</sub> = typical value (without driver board), L<sub>WH</sub>=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta$ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}} = Maximum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}}) / Minimum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})$ 

4. Response time  $T_{Y}$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on Frame rate = 60Hz to optimize.

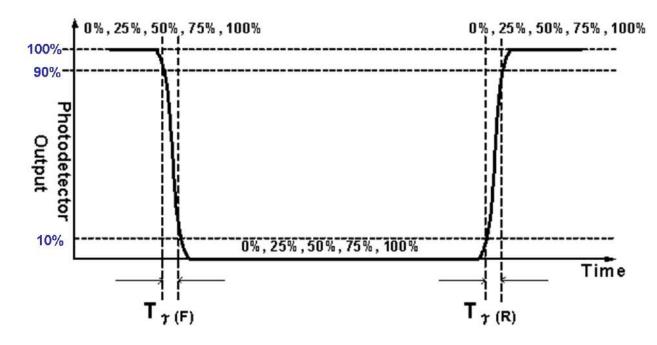
Ме	asured			Target		
<b>Response Time</b>		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

 $T_{Y}$  is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated) The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".



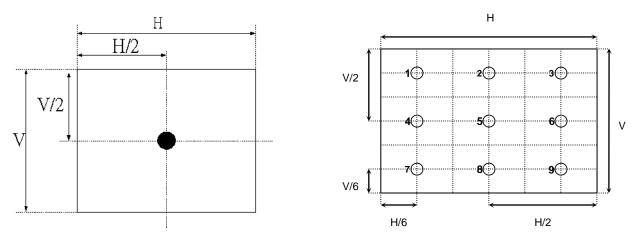
Any level of gray (Dark)

Any level of gray (Bright)



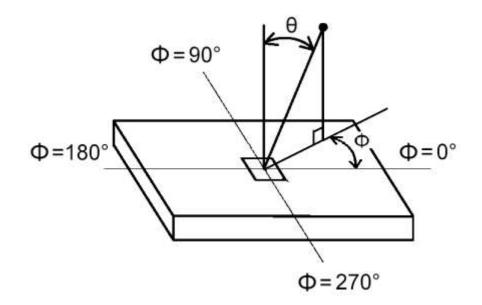


#### FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

#### FIG.3 Viewing Angle





# 4. Interface Specification

## 4.1 Input power

The P320HVN06.0 module requires power inputs which are employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note	
Power Supply Input Voltage	$V_{DD}$	10.8	12	13.2	V	1		
Power Supply Input Current	Black pattern		-	0.36	0.43	А		
	White pattern	IDD	-	0.39	0.47	А		
	H-strip pattern		-	0.46	0.55	А	2	
	Black pattern		-	4.32	5.16	Watt	2	
Power Consumption	White pattern	Pc	-	4.68	5,64	Watt		
	H-strip pattern		-	5.52	6.6	Watt		
Inrush Current	IRUSH			5	А	3		

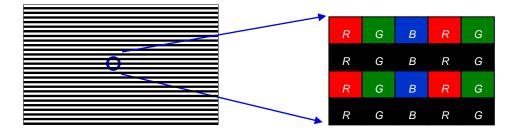
**Note1.** The ripple voltage should be fewer than 5% of VDD.

Note2. Test Condition:

- (1)  $V_{DD}$  = 12.0V, (2) Fv = 60Hz, (3) Fclk= 74.25MHz, (4) Temperature = 25  $^{\circ}$ C
- (5) Power dissipation check pattern. (Only for power design)
- a. Black pattern

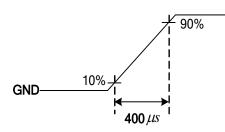
b. White pattern





VDD

Note3. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us

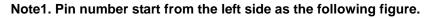


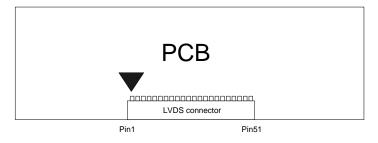


#### 4.2 Input Connection

 LCD connector: FI-RTE51SZ-HF (JAE, LVDS connector) or compatible(CHIEF LAND 115E51-0000RA -M3-R / P-two 187059-5122 )

PIN	Symbol	Description	Note	PIN	Symbol	Description	Note
1	N.C.	No connection	2	26	GND	Ground	
2	N.C.	No connection	2	27	GND	Ground	
3	N.C.	No connection	2	28	CH2_Y0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	
4	N.C.	No connection	2	29	CH2_Y0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+	
5	N.C.	No connection	2	30	CH2_Y1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-	
6	N.C.	No connection	2	31	CH2_Y1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+	
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	3,4	32	CH2_Y2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-	
8	N.C.	No connection	2	33	CH2_Y2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+	
9	N.C.	No connection	2	34	GND	Ground	
10	N.C.	No connection	2	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -	
11	GND	Ground		36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +	
12	CH1_Y0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-		37	GND	Ground	
13	CH1_Y0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+		38	CH2_Y3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-	
14	CH1_Y1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-		39	CH2_Y3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+	
15	CH1_Y1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+		40	N.C.	No connection	2
16	CH1_Y2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-		41	N.C.	No connection	2
17	CH1_Y2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+		42	N.C.	No connection	2
18	GND	Ground		43	N.C.	No connection	2
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -		44	GND	Ground	
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +		45	GND	Ground	
21	GND	Ground		46	GND	Ground	
22	CH1_Y3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-		47	N.C.	No connection	2
23	CH1_Y3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+		48	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
24	N.C.	No connection	2	49	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
25	N.C.	No connection	2	50	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
				51	Vdd	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	









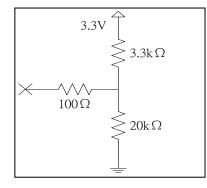
#### Note3. Input control signal threshold voltage definition

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH	2.7	-	3.6	V
Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL	0	-	0.6	V

#### Note4. LVDS data format selection

LVDS_SEL	Mode
H or OPEN	NS
L	JEIDA

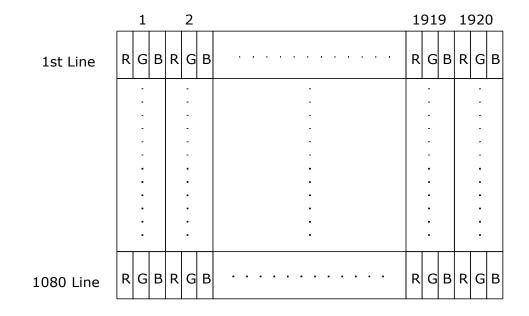
## Input equivalent impedance of LVDE\_SEL pin



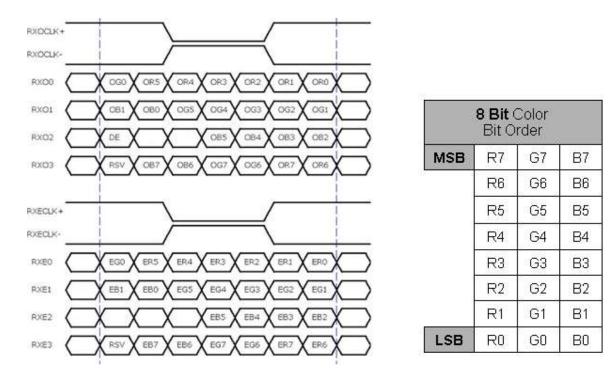


## 4.3 Input Data Format

4.3.1 LCD Pixel Format



# 4.3.2 LVDS Data Format



#### Note 1:

- a. O = "Odd Pixel Data" E = "Even Pixel Data"
- b. Refer to 4.3.1 LCD pixel format, the 1st data is 1 (Odd Pixel Data), the 2<sup>nd</sup> data is 2 (Even Pixel Data) and the last data is 1920 (Even Pixel Data).



## 4.3.3 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

										I	npu	t Co	olor l	Data	à										
	Color				R	ED							GRE	EEN				BLUE							
	COIOI	MS	В				LSB			MSB					LSB			MSB LSB						ЗB	
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

# COLOR DATA REFERENCE



# 5. Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

# 5.1 Input Timing

## 5.1.1 Timing table

## Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Τv	Tv 1100 1125		1480	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)	1080		2160	
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	20	45	400	Th
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	960			
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	53	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz

Notes:

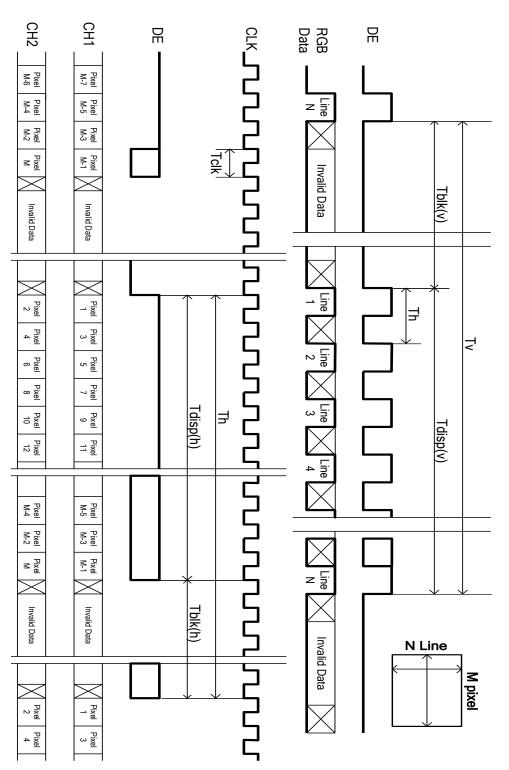
(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



# 5.1.2 Signal Timing Waveform



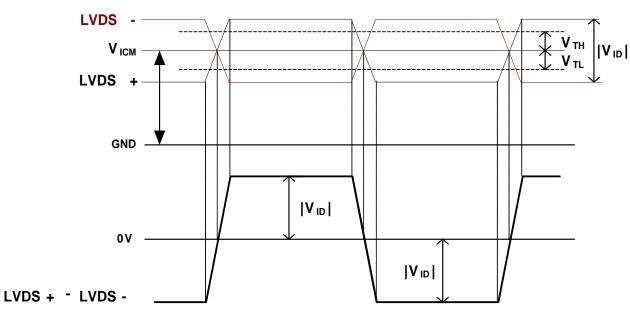


# 5.2 Input interface characteristics

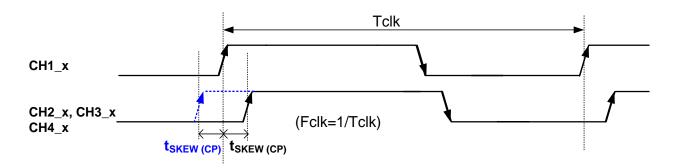
# 5.2.1 LVDS

	Parameter		Value			Unit	Note
	Falamelei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Onit	Note
	Input Differential Voltage	$\mid V_{\text{ID}} \mid$	200	400	600	mV <sub>DC</sub>	1
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	Vth	+100		+300	mV <sub>DC</sub>	1
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	Vtl	-300		-100	mV <sub>DC</sub>	1
	Input Common Mode Voltage	VICM	1.1	1.25	1.4	Vdc	1
LVDS	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	tskew (CP)	-500		+500	ps	2
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	3
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	3
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	4

Note1. VICM = 1.25V

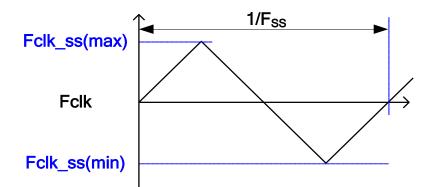


Note2. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



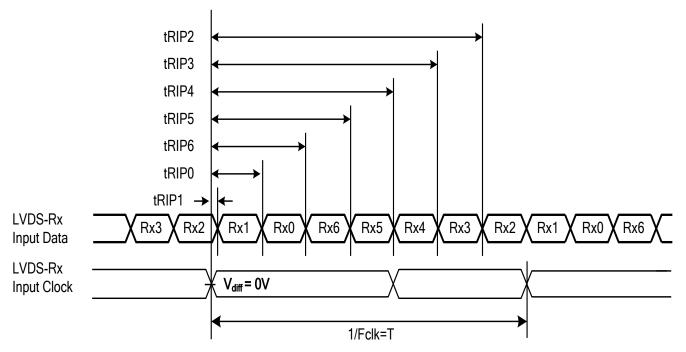


Note3. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



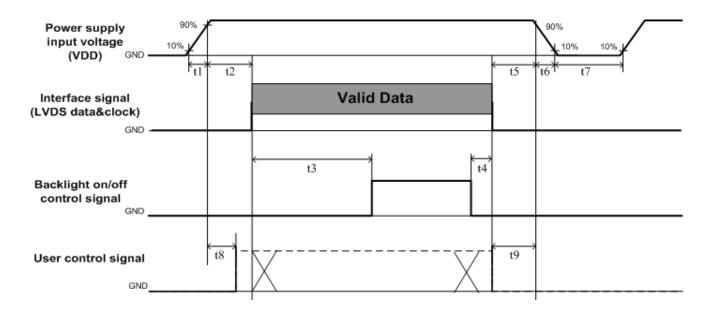
#### Note4. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Cumhal	Rating				Nata
Faiaillelei	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





## 5.3 Power Sequence for LCD



Devenedar		lloit			
Parameter	Min. Type.		Max.	Unit	
t1	0.4		30	ms	
t2	0.1		50	ms	
t3	450			ms	
t4	0 <sup>*1</sup>			ms	
t5	0			ms	
t6			*2	ms	
t7	500			ms	
t8	20 <sup>*3</sup>		50	ms	
t9	0			ms	

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

(3) When user control signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.

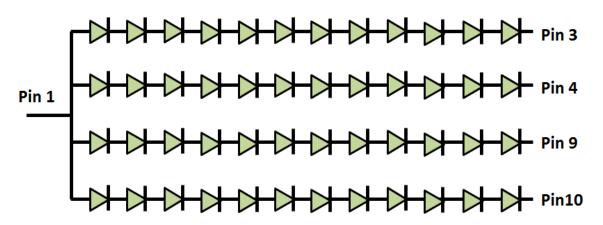


# 6. Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 4pcs light bar.

#### 6.1 Electrical specification

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Note
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Forward Current	Anode	IF (anode)		480		mA	
(one light bar)	Cathode	IF (cathode)		120		mA	
Peak Forward Current		IFP			400	mA	5
Forward Voltage	Forward Voltage			72	81.6	V	1
Total Power Consumption (4 light bars)		PBL		34.6	39.2	W	2,3
LED Lifetime		LTLED		30,000		Hr	4



- Note 1: The recommended power forward voltage capacity of converter/lips design should reserve 10% upper margin for successful light bar driving under different ambient temperature variation range (5~40°C) application and the corresponding environmental stress continued by time.
- Note 2:

Each LED string should be driven by independent current control/feedback circuit.

- Note 3: Fuse protection should be added into LIPS circuit to have better LED driving protection.
- Note 4: The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value.

[Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C]

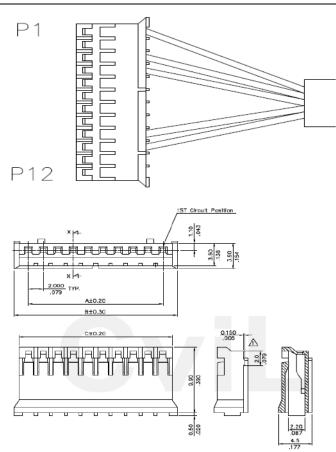
Note 5: Pulse width < 10ms, duty cycle < 1/10



# 6.2 Input Pin Assignment and LED bar structure

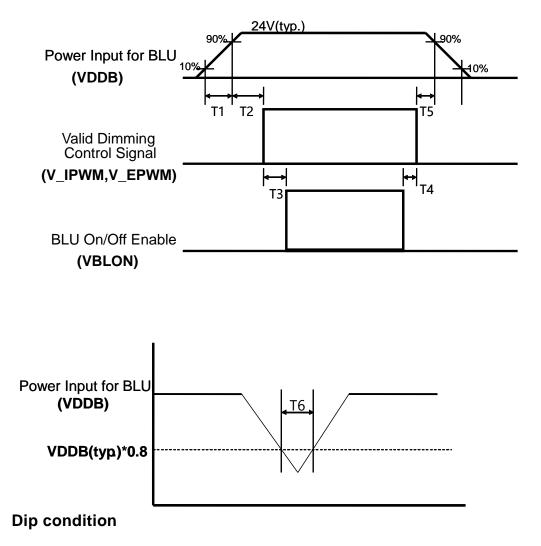
Connector: CI0112S000C(CviLux) or compatible

Pin	Description	Note
1	Operating Voltage Supply, +72V DC, 480mA regulated	
2	NA	
3	Ground and Current Return	
4	Ground and Current Return	
5	NA	
6	NA	
7	NA	
8	NA	
9	Ground and Current Return	
10	Ground and Current Return	
11	NA	
12	NA	





# 6.3 Power Sequence for Backlight



Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	20	-	-	ms *1
T2	250	-	-	ms
Т3	200			ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	0	-	-	ms
T6		-	1000	ms <sup>*2</sup>

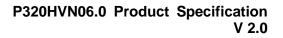
Note:1. T6 describes VDDB dip condition and VDDB couldn't lower than 10% VDDB.



# 7. Mechanical Characteristics

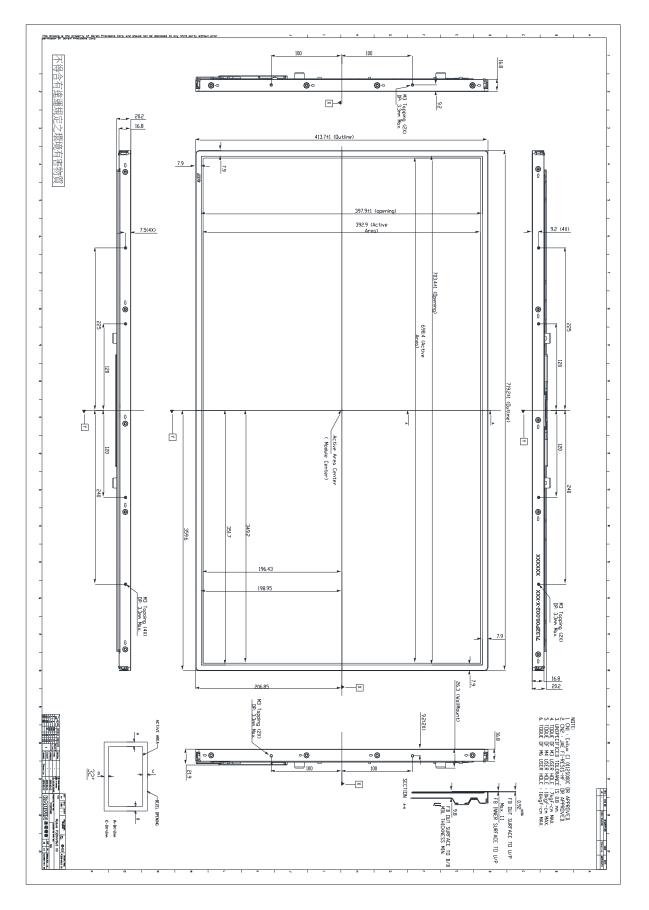
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model P320HVN06.0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Item		Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	719.2	mm	
	Vertical	413.7	mm	
Outline Dimension	Depth (Dmin)	9.8	Mm	Front bezel to Back Bezel
	Depth (Dmax) 26.3		mm	Front Bezel to Wall Mount
Weight	455	50	g	



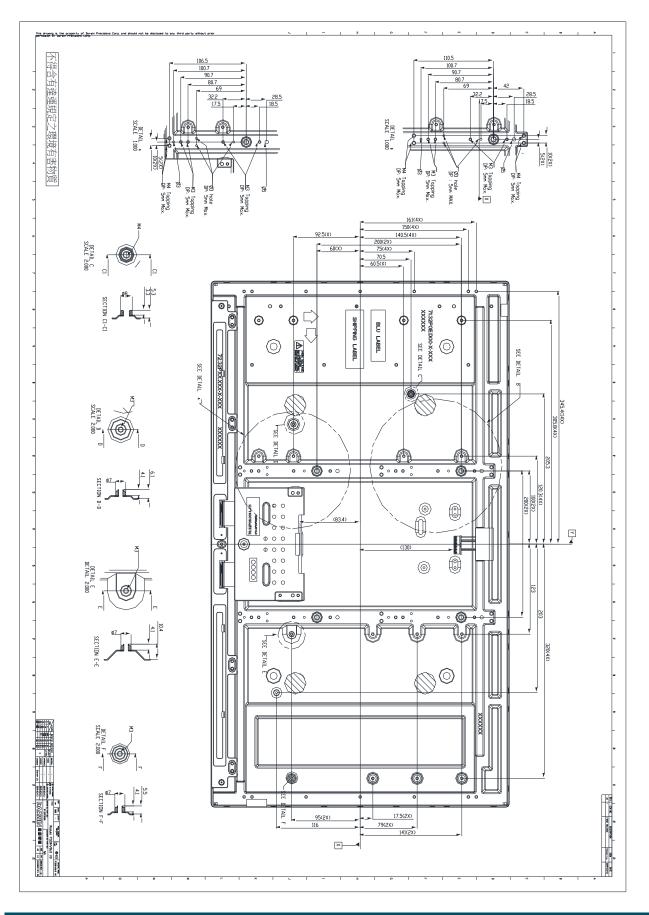


# **Front View**

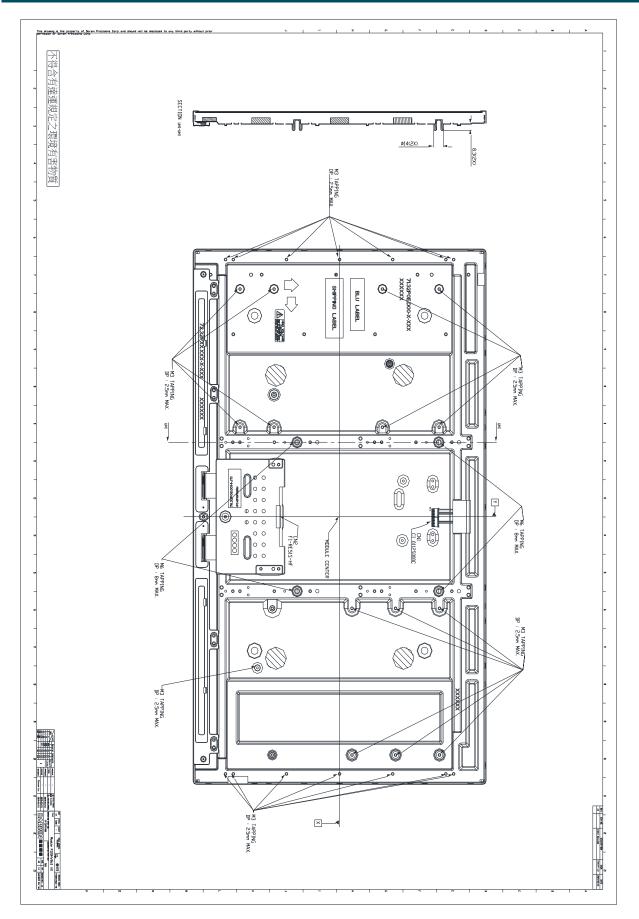




# **Back View**









# 8. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°С, 500hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 500hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°С, 500hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5°С, 500hrs
5	Vibration test (With carton)	1( PKG)	Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz) Duration : X,Y,Z 20min per axes
6	Drop test (With carton)	1( PKG)	Height: 25.4 cm Direction: Only bottom flat twice (ASTMD4169-I)



# 9. International Standard

#### 9.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950-1; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

## 9.2 EMC

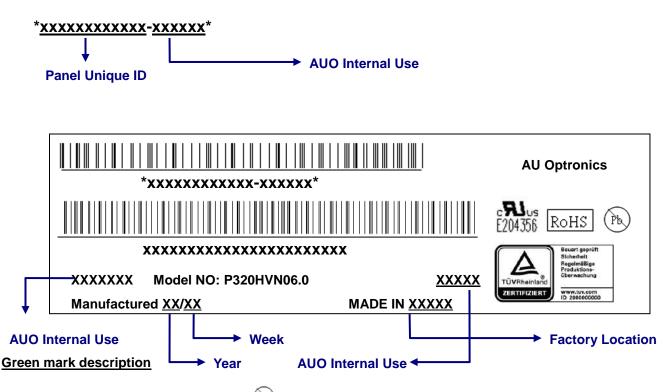
- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



10. Packing

**10.1 Definition of Label** 

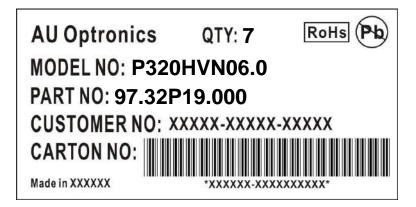
A. Panel Label:



- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (h) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

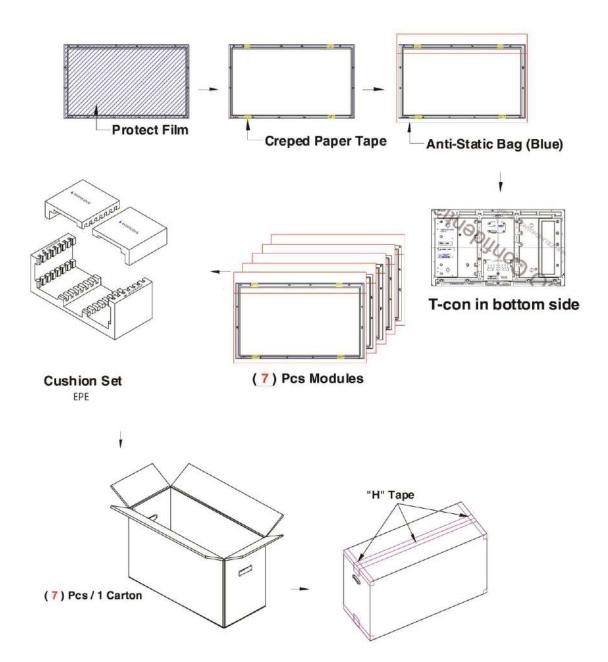
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

# B. Carton Label:





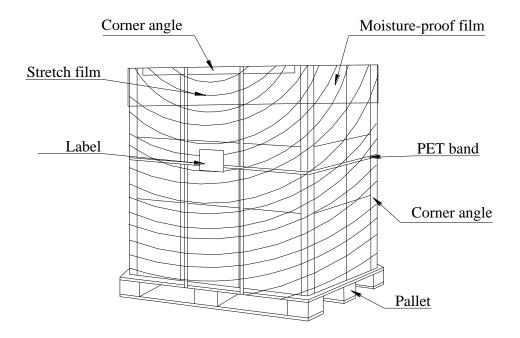
# **10.2 Packing Methods**





# 10.3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	ltom		Deaking Domark			
	ltem	Qty.	Qty. Dimension		Packing Remark	
1	Packing BOX	7pcs/box	820mm*376mm*535mm	36.15		
2	Pallet	1	1 1150mm*840mm*132mm			
3	Boxes per Pallet		6 boxes/pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet					
	Pallet after packing	42	1150mm*840mm*1202mm	232.5		





# 11. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 11.1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

## 11.2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it may become lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic



interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

(7) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

# 11.3. Operating Condition for Public Information Display

The device listed in the product specification is designed and manufactured for PID (Public Information Display) application. To optimize module's lifetime and function, below operating usages are required.

- (1) Normal operating condition
  - A. Operating temperature: 0~50°C
  - B. Operating humidity: 10~90%
  - C. Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display).

Note) Long-term static display would cause image sticking.

- (2) Operation usage to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display.
  - A. Suitable operating time: under 24 hours a day

(\* The moving picture can be allowed for 24 hours a day)

- B. Liquid Crystal refresh time is required. Cycling display between 5 minutes' information (static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- C. Periodically change background and character (image) color.
- D. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- (3) Periodically adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
  - A. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
  - B. Power off the system for a while
- (4) LCD system is required to place in well-ventilated environment. Adapting active cooling system is highly recommended.
- (5) Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages. If product will be used in extreme conditions, such as high temperature/ humidity, display stationary patterns, or long operation time etc..., it is strongly recommended to contact AUO for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stock market and controlling systems.

#### 11.4. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly. AUOptronics

## 11.5. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

- (1) Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.
- (2) To keep display function well as a digital signage application, especially the component of TFT is very sensitive to sunlight, it is necessary to set up blocking device protecting panel from radiation of ambient environment.

## 11.6. <u>Storage</u>

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

## 11.7. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

## 11.8. Dust Resistance

- (1) AUO module dust test is conducted with marked holes (see Figure 1) sealed to comply with JIS D0207.
- (2) Module users should design set with these holes used/sealed(if not used) or covered by set mechanism to prevent dust from entering. The AUO testing procedure cannot replicate all different real world scenarios, module users should apply set dust resistance solution to meet users' requirement.



#### Figure 1



